Tutorial at Hainan University (海南大学)

NorNet at Hainan University: Getting Started with NorNet Core

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Overview:
Preparations

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Tutorial Accounts

- You should have received an account
  - Username
  - Password
- Valid for:
  - SSH login server
  - PLC server

Do you have an account? If not, ask!
Initial Tasks

- **Account for our SSH login server** gatekeeper.nntb.no:
  - Server is gateway into NorNet Core network
  - `ssh <username>@gatekeeper.nntb.no`
  - Use port forwarding to access PLC and Monitor servers:
    - Forwards TCP port 2000 to PLC server's HTTPS port
    - Forwards TCP port 2001 to Monitor server's HTTP port
- **Account for the PLC server** plc.simula.nornet (inside NorNet Core only):
  - Login: `<your e-mail address>`
- VPN into NorNet Core may be possible in the future

**Try to directly connect to your NorNet Core switch**
Access to PLC and Monitor

• Via port forwarding:

• Inside NorNet Core network:
  – Monitor: http://monitor.simula.nornet
  – PLC: https://plc.simula.nornet

Is everybody able to log in?
Overview:
Getting an Overview of the Testbed

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See http://monitor.simula.nornet within NorNet Core!
See https://plc.simula.nornet within NorNet Core!
PLC User Interface: Nodes View

Node state: should be “boot”
PLC User Interface: Account View

- Upload your SSH public key here!
- Public keys get distributed to all nodes (may take up to 1 hour!)
Overview: Using a Slice

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The Test Slice *srl_test*

- A test slice has already been created:
  - Name: *srl_test*
  - Special NorNet Core properties:
    - Own IP addresses on each node
    - IPv4 and IPv6
    - Multiple ISPs (at sites with several ISPs)
  - The slice is instantiated on all nodes by a sliver (LXC container)
  - Your account is mapped as user to *srl_test*
Logging In

- From the login server:
  - `ssh -i <your private key> <slice name>@<node name>`

- Examples (private key is in `~/.ssh/id_rsa`, slice is `srl_test`):
  - `ssh -i ~/.ssh/id_rsa srl_test@boao.hu.nornet`
  - `ssh -i ~/.ssh/id_rsa srl_test@altenessen.ude.nornet`
  - `ssh -i ~/.ssh/id_rsa srl_test@nordlys.unis.nornet`
  - `ssh -i ~/.ssh/id_rsa srl_test@julenisse.uia.nornet`
  - `ssh -i ~/.ssh/id_rsa srl_test@watson.ku.nornet`

- Note: login is via node's SSH server to sliver on the node!

Use PLC to find other nodes. There are more than 100 nodes!
Note the Different Entities: Server, Node, Sliver

Server (physical)

Node (virtual)
- Sliver hu_multipath
- Sliver srl_test
- Sliver ntnu_test
- Sliver due_rserpool
- Sliver uib_mptcp
- ...

Node (virtual)

Slice:
- User list
- Node list

Sliver = an instance of a slice on a node

Forwarding to sliver!

ssh <Slice>@<Node>
Inside a Sliver

- Each sliver contains a Fedora Core 25 environment

- **Obtain root access:**
  - `su`
  - `sudo bash`

- **Install custom software:**
  - `dnf install <package> ...`
  - **Example:** `dnf install netperfmeter`

- **Show IP addresses and routes:**
  - `ip -4 addr show ; ip -4 route show`
  - `ip -6 addr show ; ip -6 route show`

**Remember: slivers have their own addresses!**
Nodes, Slivers and Addresses

- **Node:**
  - The node itself, e.g. altenessen.ude.nornet
  - Used for SSH login

- **How to find sliver addresses of a node?**
  - Look inside the sliver itself (login to sliver → ip addr show)
  - Ask the DNS server:
    - Use “dig” (part of bind-utils package for Fedora Core)
    - `dig <slice name>.<node name>.<site name>.nornet`
    - But replace “_” by “–” in slice name!
    - **Examples for srl_test slice:**
      - `dig srl-test.altenessen.ude.nornet any` to obtain primary provider (it is in the CNAME, here: “dfn”)
      - `dig srl-test.altenessen.all.ude.nornet any` to obtain all providers' addresses
      - `dig srl-test.solvang.all.simula.nornet` without “any” → gets only A RRs (i.e. IPv4 addresses)
A `dig` Example

```
olal@nordberg:~$ dig srl-test.solvang.all.simula.nornet any

;; <<>> DiG 9.9.2-P1 <<>> srl-test.solvang.all.simula.nornet any
... 

;; ANSWER SECTION:
srl-test.solvang.all.simula.nornet. 86400 IN A 10.2.1.130
srl-test.solvang.all.simula.nornet. 86400 IN A 10.1.1.130
srl-test.solvang.all.simula.nornet. 86400 IN AAAA 2001:700:4100:101::82:69
srl-test.solvang.all.simula.nornet. 86400 IN AAAA 2001:700:4100:201::82:69
srl-test.solvang.all.simula.nornet. 86400 IN HINFO "Amiga 5000" "Slice srl_test"
srl-test.solvang.all.simula.nornet. 86400 IN LOC 59 53 45.240 N 10 37 39.360 E 15.00m

;; AUTHORITY SECTION:
simula.nornet. 86400 IN NS ns.ntnu.nornet.
... 
```
Overview:
A Practical Example

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A Multi-Path Routing Test

- Select two nodes at different sites
  - List: https://www.nntb.no/pub/nornet-configuration/NorNetCore-Sites.html
  - Login to srl_test sliver: ssh srl_test@<node name>
  - Check IP addresses: ip -4 addr show dev eth0
  - Example:
    - srl-test.kettwig.ude.nornet: 10.30.42.122 10.31.42.122
      - ISPs: 30=DFN, 31=Versatel (an ADSL connection)
    - srl-test.frogner.simula.nornet: 10.1.1.131 10.2.1.131 10.4.1.131 10.9.1.131
      - ISPs: 1=UNINETT, 2=Kvantel, 4=Telenor, 9=PowerTech
  - Try ping/traceroute:
    - ping [-f] [-s <size>] [-c <count>] <dest IP> -I <src IP>
    - traceroute <dest IP> -s <src IP>
    - Look at the second and third hop (and their reverse DNS lookups)!
    - What do you see?
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provider Combination</th>
<th>RTT Differences</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DFN → UNINETT</td>
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<tr>
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RTT differences among provider combinations; higher ADSL delay (Versatel)
Some Traceroute Results

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<tr>
<th>Hop 1</th>
<th>Hop 2: Router's ICMP TTL Exceeded is sent back via Simula's primary ISP!</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>essen.dfn.ude.nornet (10.30.42.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>dfn.ude.uninett.simula.nornet (192.168.178.10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>srl-test.frogner.uninett.simula.nornet (10.1.1.129)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10.1.1.129 (10.1.1.129), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1  essen.dfn.ude.nornet (10.30.42.1) 2.104 ms 2.849 ms 2.831 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2  dfn.ude.uninett.simula.nornet (192.168.178.10) 95.059 ms 95.024 ms 94.961 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3  srl-test.frogner.uninett.simula.nornet (10.1.1.129) 105.432 ms 105.281 ms 105.220 ms</td>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10.2.1.129 (10.2.1.129), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1  essen.dfn.ude.nornet (10.30.42.1) 1.190 ms 1.739 ms 1.031 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2  dfn.ude.uninett.simula.nornet (192.168.178.10) 56.972 ms 56.722 ms 56.853 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>3  srl-test.frogner.kvantel.simula.nornet (10.2.1.129) 100.773 ms 99.513 ms 99.337 ms</td>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>essen.versatel.ude.nornet (10.31.42.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>versatel.ude.uninett.simula.nornet (192.168.133.222)</td>
</tr>
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<td>srl-test.frogner.uninett.simula.nornet (10.1.1.129)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10.1.1.129 (10.1.1.129), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets</td>
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<tr>
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<td>1  essen.versatel.ude.nornet (10.31.42.1) 1.830 ms 2.633 ms 2.609 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2  versatel.ude.uninett.simula.nornet (192.168.133.222) 127.768 ms 127.954 ms 127.507 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>3  srl-test.frogner.uninett.simula.nornet (10.1.1.129) 182.544 ms 182.564 ms 182.269 ms</td>
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<td>10.2.1.129 (10.2.1.129), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1  essen.versatel.ude.nornet (10.31.42.1) 1.178 ms 1.805 ms 1.769 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2  versatel.ude.uninett.simula.nornet (192.168.133.222) 88.834 ms 91.932 ms 96.620 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3  srl-test.frogner.kvantel.simula.nornet (10.2.1.129) 79.603 ms 75.599 ms 69.910 ms</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
What else to do?

- Try the same with IPv6!
  - ping6 [-f] [-s <size>] [-c <count>] <dest IP> -I <src IP>
  - traceroute6 <dest IP> -s <src IP>

- Try NetPerfMeter!
  - Supports TCP including **MPTCP**, SCTP, UDP, DCCP
  - Server side: netperfmeter <port>
  - Client side: netperfmeter <server>:name <port> <flow details> ...
    (see manpage for details!)

- Install custom software
  - But note: do **not** assume the slivers to be permanent storages
  - Write scripts to automatise installation
  - In case of problems, nodes may just be **wiped and reinstalled**

And, of course, try your own experiments in NorNet!
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Conclusion and Future Work

- **NorNet Core is ready for your ideas!**
  - Think about your experiments
  - Let them run in NorNet Core

- How to get permanent access?
  - **Talk to us!**
  - Provide some information on your project
    Let us **discuss the details** about running your experiment in NorNet Core!

In case of questions, ask us!
“NorNet wants to be a building block of the railroad to heaven” ...

... and not be another unused testbed that paves the road to hell!
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Literature


Dreibholz, T.: “NorNet – Building an Inter-Continental Internet Testbed based on Open Source Software” (PDF, 9587 KiB), Proceedings of the LinuxCon Europe, Berlin/Germany, October 5, 2016.


Any Questions?

Visit https://www.nntb.no for further information!